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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
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09/029,872 06/29/98 PUGH

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ALSTON & BIRD LLP
P O DRAWER 34009
CHARLOTTE NC 28234-4009

QM32/1108

EXAMINER

PRERU, I. P.

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

3738
DATE MAILED:

11/08/99

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

Application No.
09/029,872

Applicant(s)
Pugh et al

Examiner
Paul Prebilic

Group Art Unit
3738



☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jul 22, 1998

☐ This action is **FINAL**.

☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, **prosecution as to the merits is closed** in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 month(s), or thirty days, whichever is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Disposition of Claims

☒ Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the application.

Of the above, claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

☒ Claim(s) 37 is/are allowed.

☒ Claim(s) 1-9, 11-18, and 21-36 is/are rejected.

☒ Claim(s) 10, 19, and 20 is/are objected to.

☐ Claims _____ are subject to restriction or election requirement.

Application Papers

☒ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948.

☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are objected to by the Examiner.

☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on _____ is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved.

☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).

☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been
☐ received.

☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number) _____.

☐ received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

*Certified copies not received: _____

☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

Attachment(s)

☒ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892

☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s). _____

☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413

☒ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948

☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152

--- SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES ---

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Specification

This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37

CFR 1.72(b). An abstract on a separate sheet is required.

Claim 10 is objected to because of the following informalities: The terminology "said silicon entities" lack antecedence from claim 1. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 5-8, 11-18, 21-23, 31, and 33-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) or 102(b)* as being anticipated by Davies (WO 94/26872). Davies discloses a sintered hydroxyapatite and tricalcium phosphate film on quartz (see pages 26-28). This procedure is identical to the present specification's manner of stabilizing hydroxyapatite due to the silica of quartz permeating into the sol during sintering; see Procedure 3 on page 30 of the present specification and note that only the bulk ceramic pieces need to be doped with a stabilizer because the quartz substrate inherently dopes the sol-gel. The Examiner posits that the stabilization of hydroxyapatite is not mentioned by Davies, nonetheless, this property is inherently present

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because it is made the same way as in the present specification; see also pages 6, 7, and 15 of Davies.

*The Examiner posits that the effective filing date of the present claims is August 30, 1996 because the provisional application 60/003,157 and the earlier parent application 08/576,238 only disclosed silicon entities and not other types of entities as the present claims do. Therefore, the present claims have a later filing date because the term stabilization or the meaning of stabilization entities was broadened from the meaning it had in the parent application filed before August 30, 1996. Alternatively, if the earlier date for the claims has support, the Davies constitutes a 35 USC 102(a) reference.

Claims 1-4, 7, 9, 12-14, 17, 19, 22, 23, 31, and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kasuga et al (US 5,232,878) wherein the stabilizing entities are the alkaline earth metal silicates of the second step where hydroxyapatite is used. Also, zirconia and alumina may serve as stabilization entities in the fourth step; see the whole document, especially the abstract, Col. 1, lines 5-10; Col. 3, lines 3-37; Col. 5, line 9 to Col. 6, line 24; Col. 6, lines 64-67 and Col. 8, lines 56-61.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 9, 24-30, and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) or 102(b)* as anticipated by Davies (WO 94/26872) or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Davies (WO 94/26872) alone.

With regard to claim 9, the Examiner posits that the same product results even though a different method of making limitation is used to indicate a different method of making the claimed product. Alternatively, the Examiner posits that the claimed product is at least substantially identical to that disclosed by Davies such that the claimed invention is clearly obvious; see MPEP 2113 which is incorporated into this Office action by reference.

With regard to claims 24-26 and 32, Davies anticipated the claim language wherein the Examiner posits that the same structure must exist therein due to the fact that it is made in the same manner as the disclosed and claimed invention of the present claims. Davies even discloses that the material can be porous; see page 21. Alternatively, the Examiner posits that the claimed product is at least substantially identical to that disclosed by Davies such that the claimed invention is clearly obvious; see MPEP 2113 which is incorporated into this Office action by reference.

With regard to claims 27-29, the Examiner posits that the claimed matrix would inherently be present in the Davies device due to the same device being exposed to the same cells for a sufficient time for such matrix to form. Alternatively, the Examiner posit that the claimed matrix is at least obvious in view of Davies alone due to its clearly similar method of making.

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Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davies (WO 94/26872).

With regard to claim 4, Davies discloses a thin film of hydroxyapatite and tricalcium phosphate on a quartz substrate, but fails to disclose the coating thickness. However, since Davies discloses that the coating thickness can be controlled by coating parameter, it is the Examiner's position that the coating thickness is prima facie obvious in view of Davies alone.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 10, 19, and 20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 37 is allowed over the prior art of record.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul Prebilic whose telephone number is (703) 308-2905. The examiner normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu, can be reached on (703) 308-2672. The fax phone number for this Technology Center is (703) 305-3580.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Technology Center 3700 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.



Paul Prebilo
Primary Examiner
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